19/Urol_04_11

Cystoscopy & litholapaxy (bladder stone crushing/removal): procedure-specific information

What is the evidence base for this information?

This leaflet includes advice from consensus panels, the British Association of Urological Surgeons, the Department of Health and evidence-based sources; it is, therefore, a reflection of best practice in the UK. It is intended to supplement any advice you may already have been given by your GP or other healthcare professionals. Alternative treatments are outlined below and can be discussed in more detail with your Urologist or Specialist Nurse.

What does the procedure involve?

This procedure involves crushing or disintegration of bladder stone(s) using telescopic instruments or laser and removal of the stone fragments using suction apparatus

What are the alternatives to this procedure?

Open surgery, observation.

What should I expect before the procedure?

You will usually be admitted on the same day as your surgery. You will normally receive an appointment for pre-assessment, approximately 14 days before your admission, to assess your general fitness, to screen for the carriage of MRSA and to perform some baseline investigations. After admission, you will be seen by members of the medical team which may include the Consultant, Specialist Registrar, House Officer and your named nurse.

You will be asked not to eat or drink for 6 hours before surgery and, immediately before the operation, you may be given a pre-medication by the anaesthetist which will make you dry-mouthed and pleasantly sleepy.

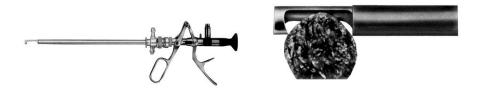
Please be sure to inform your Urologist in advance of your surgery if you have any of the following:

- an artificial heart valve
- a coronary artery stent
- · a heart pacemaker or defibrillator
- an artificial joint
- an artificial blood vessel graft
- a neurosurgical shunt
- any other implanted foreign body
- a prescription for Warfarin, Aspirin or Clopidogrel (Plavix®)

- a previous or current MRSA infection
- high risk of variant CJD (if you have received a corneal transplant, a neurosurgical dural transplant or previous injections of human-derived growth hormone)

What happens during the procedure?

Either a full general anaesthetic (where you will be asleep throughout the procedure) or a spinal anaesthetic (where you are awake but unable to feel anything from the waist down) will be used. All methods minimise pain; your anaesthetist will explain the pros and cons of each type of anaesthetic to you.



You will usually be given injectable antibiotics before the procedure, after checking for any allergies.

A special telescope is inserted into the bladder to see the stones. These are then broken up using a crushing instrument, a mechanical disintegration probe or a laser. The stone fragments are removed from the bladder and a catheter inserted.

What happens immediately after the procedure?

The catheter will be removed within 24-48 hours following which you will be able to pass urine normally. Some burning, frequency of urination and bleeding are common within the first 24-48 hours after catheter removal.

It is not unusual for a plain X-ray of your abdomen to be performed on the day after surgery to confirm that all the stone fragments have been removed.

The average hospital stay is 2 days.

Are there any side-effects?

Most procedures have a potential for side-effects. You should be reassured that, although all these complications are well-recognised, the majority of patients do not suffer any problems after a urological procedure.

Please use the check boxes to tick off individual items when you are happy that they have been discussed to your satisfaction:

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☐ Mild burning or bleedir	ng on passing urine	e for short period	after operation
□ Temporary insertion of	f a catheter		
☐ Need for an additional	procedure (e.g. re	esection of the pro	state gland) if
this is thought to be th	ne cause of the sto	ne formation	

Occasional (between 1 in 10 and 1 in 50) ☐ Infection of bladder requiring antibiotics ☐ Permission for telescopic removal/ biopsy of bladder abnormality/stone if found ☐ Recurrence of stones or residual stone fragments Rare (less than 1 in 50) ☐ Delayed bleeding requiring removal of clots or further surgery ☐ Injury to the urethra causing delayed scar formation ☐ Very rarely, perforation of the bladder requiring a temporary urinary catheter or return to theatre for open surgical repair Hospital-acquired infection (overall risk for Addenbrooke's) \square Colonisation with MRSA (0.02%, 1 in 5,000) ☐ Clostridium difficile bowel infection (0.04%; 1 in 2,500) ☐ MRSA bloodstream infection (0.01%; 1 in 10,000) (These rates may be greater in high-risk patients e.g. with longterm drainage tubes, after removal of the bladder for cancer, after previous infections, after prolonged hospitalisation or after multiple admissions)

What should I expect when I get home?

When you leave hospital, you will be given a "draft" discharge summary of your admission. This holds important information about your inpatient stay and your operation. If, in the first few weeks after your discharge, you need to call your GP for any reason or to attend another hospital, please take this summary with you to allow the doctors to see details of your treatment. This is particularly important if you need to consult another doctor within a few days of your discharge.

When you get home, you should drink twice as much fluid as you would normally for the next 24-48 hours to flush your system through. You may find that, when you first pass urine, it stings or burns slightly and it may be lightly bloodstained.

What else should I look out for?

If you develop a fever, severe pain on passing urine, inability to pass urine or worsening bleeding, you should contact your GP immediately.

Are there any other important points?

A follow-up appointment will be arranged before your discharge from hospital. If you have any concerns about the timing of further treatment, please discuss this with your named nurse or Consultant.

Driving after surgery

It is your responsibility to ensure that you are fit to drive following your surgery. You do not normally need to notify the DVLA unless you have a medical condition that will last for longer than 3 months after your surgery and may affect your ability to drive. You should, however, check with your insurance company before

returning to driving. Your doctors will be happy to provide you with advice on request.

Is there any research being carried out in this field at Addenbrooke's Hospital?

There is no specific research in this area at the moment but all operative procedures performed in the department are subject to rigorous audit at a monthly Audit & Clinical Governance meeting.

Who can I contact for more help or information? Oncology Nurses

- Uro-Oncology Nurse Specialist 01223 586748
- Bladder cancer Nurse Practitioner (haematuria, chemotherapy & BCG) 01223 274608
- Prostate cancer Nurse Practitioner 01223 247608 or 216897 or bleep 154-548
- Surgical Care Practitioner 01223 348590 or 256157 or bleep 154-134

Non-Oncology Nurses

- Urology Nurse Practitioner (incontinence, urodynamics, catheter patients) 01223 274608 or 586748
- Urology Nurse Practitioner (stoma care) 01223 349800

Patient Advice & Liaison Centre (PALS)

Telephone

+44 (0)1223 216756 or 257257 +44 (0)1223 274432 or 274431

PatientLine

*801 (from patient bedside telephones only)

E mail

pals@addenbrookes.nhs.uk

Mail

PALS, Box No 53 Addenbrooke's Hospital Hills Road, Cambridge, CB2 2QQ

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Chaplaincy and Multi-Faith Community

Telephone

+44 (0)1223 217769

E mail

derek.fraser@addenbrookes.nhs.uk

Mail

The Chaplaincy, Box No 105 Addenbrooke's Hospital Hills Road, Cambridge, CB2 2QQ

MINICOM System ("type" system for the hard of hearing)

Telephone

+44 (0)1223 274604

Access Office (travel, parking & security information)

Telephone

+44 (0)1223 586969

What should I do with this form?

Thank you for taking the trouble to read this information sheet. If you wish to sign it and retain a copy for your own records, please do so below.

If you would like a copy of this form to be filed in your hospital records for future reference, please let your Urologist or Specialist Nurse know. If you do, however, decide to proceed with the scheduled procedure, you will be asked to sign a separate consent form which will be filed in your hospital notes and you will, in addition, be provided with a copy of the form if you wish.

I	nave	read	this	information	sneet	and I	accept	tne	information	it provide	es.

How can I get information in alternative formats?

Signature......Date......

Please ask if you require this information in other languages, large print or audio format: 01223 216032 or patient.information@addenbrookes.nhs.uk

Polish Informacje te można otrzymać w innych językach, w wersji dużym

drukiem lub audio. Zamówienia prosimy składać pod numerem:

01223 216032 lub wysyłając e-mail:

patient.information@addenbrookes.nhs.uk

Portuguese Se precisar desta informação num outro idioma, em impressão de

letras grandes ou formato áudio por favor telefone para o 01223

216032 ou envie uma mensagem para: patient.information@addenbrookes.nhs.uk

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Russian Если вам требуется эта информация на другом языке, крупным

шрифтом или в аудиоформате, пожалуйста, обращайтесь по

телефону 01223 216032 или на вебсайт patient.information@addenbrookes.nhs.uk

Cantonese 若你需要此信息的其他語言版本、大字體版或音頻格式,請致電 01223

216032 或發郵件到: patient.information@addenbrookes.nhs.uk

Turkish Bu bilgiyi diger dillerde veya büyük baskılı ya da sesli formatta

isterseniz lütfen su numaradan kontak kurun: 01223 216032 veya

asagıdaki adrese e-posta gönderin:

patient.information@addenbrookes.nhs.uk

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বা patient.information@addenbrookes.nhs.uk ঠিকানায় ই-মেইল করুন।



Addenbrooke's is smoke-free. You cannot smoke anywhere on the site. Smoking increases the severity of some urological diseases and increases the risk of post-operative complications. For advice on quitting, contact your GP or the NHS smoking helpline free on 0800 169 0 169

Document history

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